

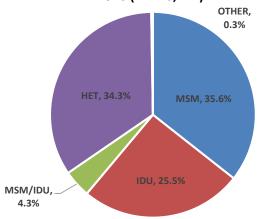
# EXPOSURE CATEGORY AND HIV IN THE BALTIMORE MSA, 2016

# **April 2018**

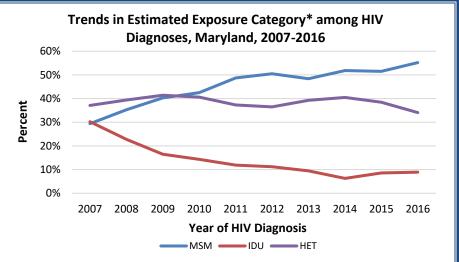
#### **New HIV Diagnoses**

- The proportion of new HIV diagnoses that were MSM increased from 29.4% in 2007 to 55.2% in 2016, while exposure among IDU decreased from 30.2% to 8.9% during the same timeframe. HET also slightly decreased from 37.1% in 2007 to 34.1% in 2016.
- Of the 388 male HIV diagnoses in 2016 in the Baltimore MSA, 73.2% of those with a reported or estimated exposure were MSM.

Living Adult/Adolescent HIV Cases with Estimated Exposure\*, Baltimore MSA, 2016 (N = 16,271)



- There are roughly equal percentages of cases in the HET (34.3%) and MSM (35.6%) exposure categories among living cases.
- The distribution of exposure category is very different for men and women. Threequarters of female cases have a reported or estimated HET exposure (68.1%), while slightly more than half of male cases are MSM (54.5%).



### **Characteristics of Living HIV Cases**

#### NH-Black NH-W

- 41.7% HET •
- 37.5% MSM
- 28.1% IDU
- 4.2% MSM/IDU

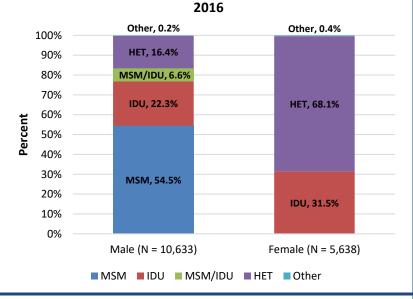
## NH-White

- 60.4% MSM
- ▶ 18.3% HET
- 16.3% IDU
- Hispanic
  47.0% MSM
- 36.0% HET

4.1% MSM/IDU

- 12.9% IDU
- Living Adult/Adolescent HIV Cases with Estimated Exposure\* Category by Gender, Baltimore MSA,

• 4.4% MSM/IDU



HET: Heterosexual Exposure | IDU: Injection Drug User | MSM: Men who have Sex with Men | NH: Non-Hispanic

MSA: Metropolitan Statistical Area (Baltimore City, Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard and Queen Anne's Counties) Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health

\*Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing transmission category.

Data reported through 06/30/2017 from the Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System.